A TRIP TO ENGLAND, 23RD OCTOBER - 31ST OCTOBER, 2014

During the trip you're going to see the following sights: the English Channel, Windsor, Windsor Castle, Eton College, Kensington, Hyde Park, Kensington Gardens, Albert Memorial, the Royal Albert Hall, Harrods, the Natural History Museum, the River Thames, Westminster, the Houses of Parliament, Big Ben, Westminster Abbey, Whitehall, 10 Downing Street, the Horse Guards, St James's Park, Buckingham Palace, Pall Mall, Piccadilly Circus, St James's Palace, the West End, the Tower of London, The Globe Theatre, St Paul's Cathedral, Cambridge, King's College, the River Cam, Ely, Ely Cathedral, Oliver Cromwell's House, Stratford-Upon-Avon, Shakespeare's Birthplace, the River Avon, Leeds Castle, Canterbury, Canterbury Cathedral

- 3 If you want to visit Windsor, in which direction should you leave London?
- 4 How old is the city?
- 5 Besides Windsor Castle what other attraction can you find here?
- 6 Whose official residence is Windsor Castle, the largest inhabited castle in the world?
- 7 Who was it built by?
- 9 Who founded and when did he found that school?
- 10 What is Kensington?
- 11 What's the area called where anyone can stand up and talk about any issues and where is it?
- 12 What's the name of the water in Hyde Park and why?
- 13 There's a statue of Peter Pan in Kensington Gardens. What is it made of and why is it there?
- 14 Who was Albert?
- 16 What's Harrods and what's its motto?
- 17 What kind of dinosaur skeleton can you see in the vaulted hall of the Natural History Museum?
- 18 Which is the second longest river in the UK and the longest in England? How long is it?,
- 19 What's the other name of the Houses of Parliament?
- 20 What are the two houses?
- 21 What's Big Ben?
- 22 What's Westminster Abbey used for?
- 23 What's Whitehall and why is it famous?
- 24 Whose official residence and office is 10 Downing Street, also known as Number 10?
- 25 The maze in Leeds Castle is made of 2,400 poplar / fir / yew / linden tree.
- 26 When was Canterbury Cathedral built? 430BC / 597AD / 1066AD / 1285AD

The Queen's Guards usually consist of Foot Guards in their full-dress uniform of red tunics and 27.... (Down15) on head and those on horseback, 28...... (D8), who wear a red tunic and a shiny brass helmet with a long "plume" of horse hair hanging from the top.

The red-brick Tudor style 29..... (A17) Palace was built during the reign of Henry VIII on the site of a former leper hospital that the Palace and its nearby Park were named after. It was a royal residence for over 300 years. From 6 January 2009, the staff of Princes William and 30..... (D6) moved into their own rooms in the Palace and began reporting directly to the royal princes for the first time.

- 31...... (A7) Palace, which measures 108 m by 120 m, is 24 m high and contains over 77,000 m² of floor space, is the official London residence of the British monarch since 1837 (Victoria I) and is located in the City of Westminster. When the Queen is at home there are 32..... (A3) foot guards at the front of the building, when she is away there are two.
- 33..... (A19) Circus is a famous road junction built in 1819 and public space with its video display and neon signs as well as the Shaftesbury memorial fountain and statue of an archer Eros.
- The 34 (A5) was long favoured by the rich elite as a place of residence because it was usually upwind of the smoke drifting from the crowded City. Today it is the entertainment centre of London and the UK with the largest shopping district in Europe, the home of the UK theatre and film industry as well as numerous up-scale bars, restaurants, hotels and nightclubs.

Her Majesty's Royal Palace and Fortress, known as the **35....** (*D12*) of London, was founded in 1066 as part of the Norman Conquest of England, was used as a **36.....** (*D9*) since at least 1100, served as a royal residence, etc. It has served variously as an armoury, a treasury, a raven garden, the home of the Royal Mint (coins), a public records office, and the home of the Crown Jewels of the UK. It is located on the north bank of the **37......** (*D2*).

The **38...**(*Across13*) Theatre was built in 1599 by Shakespeare's playing company, the Lord Chamberlain's Men, had a three-storey, open-air amphitheatre that could house up to 3,000 spectators. It was destroyed by fire on 29th June 1613.

39.... (A11) Cathedral is an Anglican cathedral and is the seat of the **40.....** (A4) of London. The present building dates from the 17th century and was designed by Sir Christopher Wren.

The **41.....** (A14) of Our Lady and St. Nicholas in Cambridge was founded in 1441. Its Chapel, an example of late 42...... (D1) architecture, features the world's largest fan vault, stained glass windows, and the painting "The Adoration of the Magi" by Rubens.

The 43.... (A16) is the 'child river' of the River Great Ouse. The two rivers join to the south of Ely at Pope's Corner. Punting is one of the most popular activities of college students. The punter generally propels the punt by pushing against the river bed with a pole.

44.... (D18), the third smallest city in England, derives its name from Old English El-ge meaning "eel region or island" and during the 11th century monks of the town used eels as currency to pay their taxes

The 45..... (A20) Church of the Holy and Undivided Trinity is known as the "Ship of the Fens", a name inspired by the distant views of its towers, which dominate the low-lying wetlands known as The Fens. A section of the film Elizabeth: The Golden Age was filmed here.

After the execution of King Charles I in 1649,46 (D10) (dominated the short-lived Commonwealth of England, conquered Ireland and Scotland, and ruled as Lord Protector from 1653 until his death from malaria and septicaemia (blood-poisoning) in 1658. "He was King in all but name."

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Label the sights in the pictures.





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53..... 54.....

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56.....



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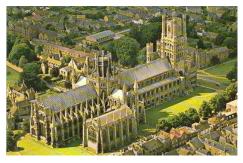
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Answer key:

questions

- 1 the Atlantic Ocean and the North Sea
- 2 France: Calais, England: Dover
- 3 to the west
- 4 it is first mentioned in the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle, the late 9th century
- 5 Legoland
- 6 the British monarch, Queen Elizabeth II
- 7 William the Conqueror
- 8 David Cameron, Eton College
- 9 King Henry VI, in 1440
- a district of west London,; its commercial heart is Kensington High Street and it contains the well-known museum district of South Kensington; to the north, Kensington is bordered by Notting Hill; to the east, by Brompton and Knightsbridge; to the south, by Chelsea and Earl's Court; and to the west, by Hammersmith and Shepherd's Bush.
- 11 Speakers' Corner, in Hyde Park
- 12 the Serpentine (lake and river), takes its name from its snakelike, curving shape
- bronze; because the park is the setting of Sir James Matthew Barrie's book, *Peter Pan in Kensington Gardens*, a novel which is a prelude (előzmény) to the character's famous adventures in Neverland; both the book and the character are honoured with the Peter Pan statue located in the garden.
- Queen Victoria's (lived: 1819–1901; monarch: 1837–1901) beloved husband (marriage: 1840; born: 1819), who died of typhoid in 1861 (consort hitvestárs Prince Albert)
- in 1871 by Queen Victoria, Each year it hosts more than 350 performances including classical concerts, rock and pop, ballet and opera, tennis, award ceremonies, school and community events, charity performances and lavish banquets. The world's leading artists from every kind of performance genre have appeared on its stage.
- the largest department store in the UK (the second is Selfridges in Oxford street). The store occupies a 5-acre (20,000 m²) site and has over one million square feet (90,000 m²) of selling space in over 330 departments. Its motto is *Omnia Omnibus Ubique—All Things for All People, Everywhere*.
- 17 Diplodocus
- 18 the Thames, it's 346 km long
- 19 the Palace of Westminster or Westminster Palace
- 20 the House of Lords and the House of Commons
- 21 the nickname for the great bell of the clock at the north end of the Palace of Westminster in London
- 22 it's a coronation and burial site
- a road in Westminster, London; the road is lined with government districts and ministries
- 24 of the First Lord of the Treasury, who is now always the Prime Minister
- 25 36 yew
- 26 597AD

crosswords

- 27 bearskins
- 28 Horse Guards
- 29 St James's
- 30 Harry
- 31 Buckingham
- 32 four
- 33 Piccadilly
- 34 West End
- 35 tower
- 36 prison
- 37 River Thames
- 38 Globe
- 39 St Paul's
- 40 bishop
- 41 King's College
- 42 Gothic
- 43 River Cam
- 44 Ely
- 45 Cathedral
- 46 Oliver Cromwell

pictures:

- 47 Windsor Castle
- 4810 Downing Street
- 49 Big Ben
- 50 Leeds Castle
- 51 Buckingham Palace
- 52 Westminster Abbey
- 53 Eton College
- 54 The Houses of Parliament
- 56 St James's Palace
- 55 Harrods
- 57 King's College
- 58 Shakespeare's Birthplace
- 59 St Paul's Cathedral
- 60 Piccadilly Circus
- 61 The Globe Theatre
- 62 the Natural History Museum
- 63the London Eye
- 64 Oliver Cromwell's House
- 65 Royal Albert Hall
- 66 Cathedral, Ely
- 67 the Tower of London with Tower Bridge